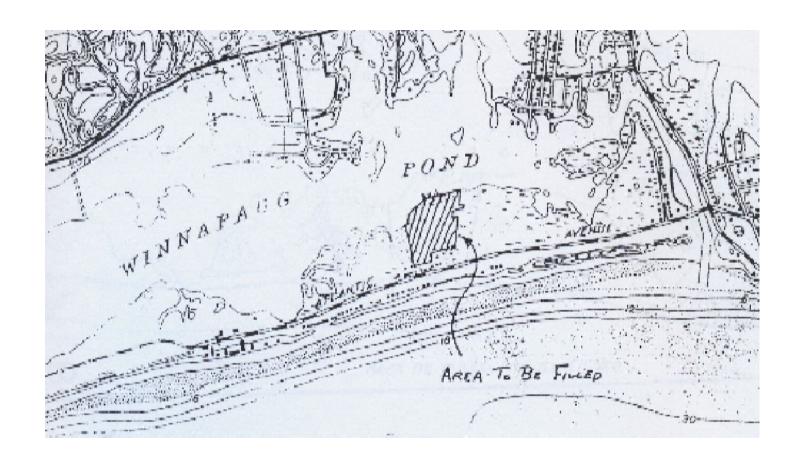
The Public Trust Doctrine made simple:

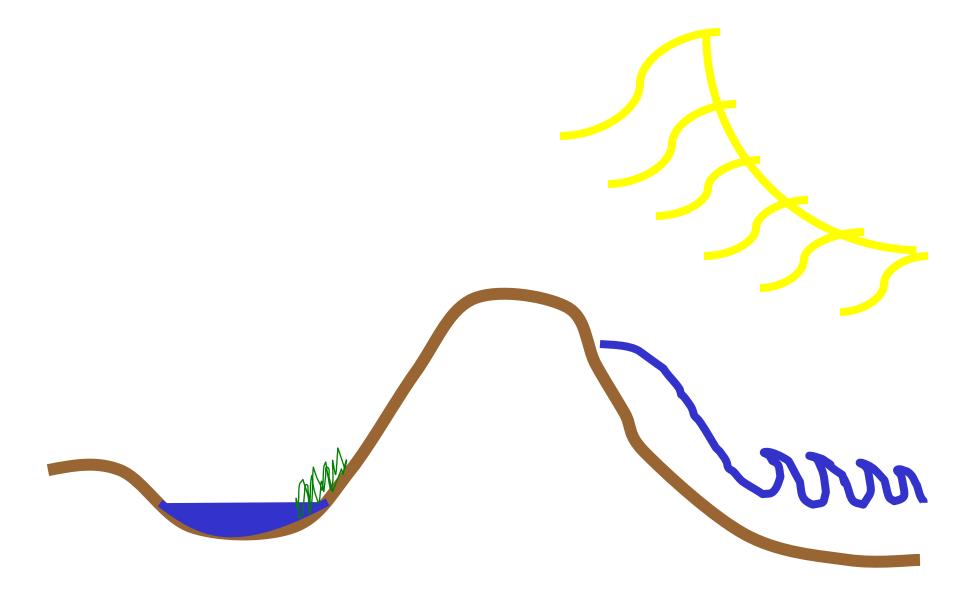
Taking the Mystery out of the Moniker



aerial photo of Misquamicut '39



area of fill as depicted on Palazzolo application



cross-section of Misquamicut Barrier Beach

Governmental Control of Waterways

Regulatory (indirect control)

Proprietary (direct control)

Federal

COMMERCE POWER REGULATION

FEDERAL NAVIGATIONAL SERVITUDE

Suprem

State

POLICE POWER

PUBLIC TRUST DOCTRINE

Submerged Lands Act § 6, 43 USC § 1314(a), in part:

(a) The United States retains all its navigational servitude and rights in and powers of regulation and control of said lands and navigable waters for the constitutional purposes of commerce, navigation, national defense, and international affairs, . . .

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES Amend. 5

. . . Nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

The Takings Clause

"...nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation."

Direct Condemnation
a.k.a. Eminent Domain
a.k.a. De Jure
Condemnation a.k.a.
Formal Condemnation

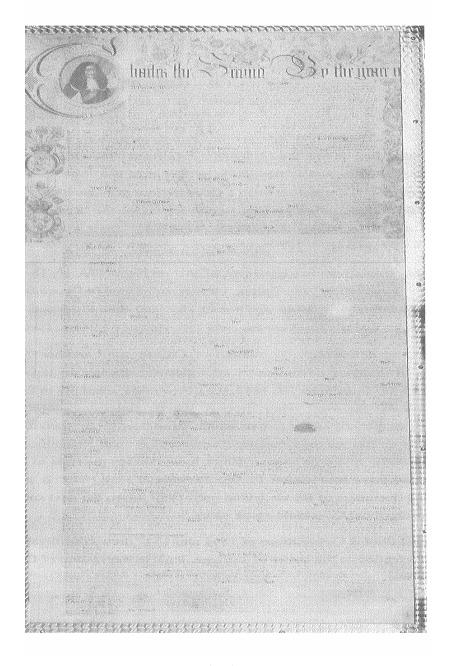
Inverse Condemnation a.k.a. Constructive Condemnation a.k.a. *De Facto* Condemnation

Physical Occupation

Regulatory Taking

Lucas

Penn Central



Royal Charter



depiction of Palazzolo site marshlands



photo from Palazzolo site



photo of Palazzolo site marshlands



plat map as depicted in Palazzolo's appraisal