GUIDE TO MARINE INVADERS IN RI COASTAL WATERS

Didemnum vexillum (colonial tunicate, ascidian)



Salem Sound Coastwatch

HABITAT PREFERENCE

- Found on hard substrates including docks, pilings, moorings, ship hulls, and rocks
- Primarily a subtidal species; may occur from lower intertidal zone to continental shelf

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

- Dense colonies of microscopic zooids (individual animals)
- Color variable, including cream, white, tan, or yellow
- On hard substrates, may form long hanging, rope-like lobes, or beard-like colonies
- On sea floor, may form low, undulating mats with short lobes on surface



Dann Blackwood, USGS



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INVASION STATUS & ECOLOGICAL CONCERNS

Observed covering a large area of the continental shelf off New England in the Gulf of Maine region in 2003, *Didemnum vexillum*, a Pacific tunicate, appears to be spreading in the Gulf of Maine. It was first collected in New England in 1993 at Fort Island Narrows,

Damariscotta River, Maine as a colony living at 40 ft (12 m; at high tide) on shell-hash and gravel bottom. It has also been observed on dock pilings in Walpole, Maine and Woods Hole, Massachusetts since 1988. It has since been reported in California, and from Maine to Connecticut. As a fouling organism, it grows over a variety of surfaces, altering marine habitats and threatening to interfere with fishing, aquaculture, and other coastal and offshore activities. It aggressively grows over bivalves and may smother them or interfere with their growth. It has no known predators.



Gretchen Lambert, UW

SIMILAR SPECIES

As a result of its lobed, irregular shape, *Didemnum vexillum* may be confused with other mature colonial tunicates, including *Botrylloides violaceus*. However, *Didemnum vexillum* does not have the red and orange coloring of *B. violaceus*. This species may also resemble a sponge, but colonies of *Didemnum vexillum* are firm and have a smoother texture than a sponge.

This card is adapted from an original series produced by Salem Sound Coastwatch (www.salemsound.org). The original series was funded by the MA EOEEA Office of Coastal Zone Management with funding from the U.S.F.W.S. For more information please visit www.mass.gov/czm/invasives/monitor/reporting.htm. The production of this adapted card was funded by the RI Coastal Resources Management Council with funding from the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service. To report findings please email *kcute@crmc.ri.gov or call (401) 783-7772 or (401) 783-3370.*

